**Directors' Report and Financial Statements** 

for the year ended 31 December 2018

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#### Directors and other information

Directors Dermot McLaughlin

Patrick Gallen Resigned 10 December 2018

John H McLaughlin Nicholas Crossan Albert Doherty Bernard McGuinness Thomas Doherty Rena Donaghey

Patrick McLaughlin Resigned 10 December 2018

Kevin Lake Resigned 10 December 2018
Peter Walker Resigned 10 December 2018

Daniel McDonald Joan Hamilton Fionan Bradley Helen Nolan Kevin Cooley Aideen Tighe

Raymond Doherty Resigned 10 December 2018

Donal Breen Appointed 10 December 2018
Michael Turlough Slaney Appointed 10 December 2018
Sean McDermott Appointed 10 December 2018

Anthony Doogan Appointed 10 December 2018 Kevin McKinney Appointed 1 February 2019

Secretary Anthony Doogan Appointed 10 December 2018

Company number 447893

Registered office Pound Street

Carndonagh Co Donegal

Auditors McDaid McCullough Moore

Chartered Accountants and

Statutory Audit Firm 28/32 Clarendon Street

Derry BT48 7HD N. Ireland

Business address Pound Street St Mary's Road

Carndonagh Buncrana
Co Donegal Co Donegal

#### Directors and other information cont'd

Bankers

Bank Of Ireland

Bank of Ireland

Carndonagh

Buncrana

Co Donegal

Co Donegal

Member Details

Helen Nolan

(Chairperson)

Thomas Doherty

(Vice Chair)

Anthony Doogan John H McLaughlin (Secretary) (Treasurer)

Charity Number

20067786

(Revenue Charitable Status No. CHY 17949)

# Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### Principal activity and business review

The principal activity of the company is to promote, support, assist and engage in (a) social development, (b) enterprise development to facilitate rural and urban regeneration or (c) community development, designed to benefit and promote the welfare of local communities or to deal with the causes and consequences of social and economic disadvantage or poverty. This is the eleventh year of Inishowen Development Partnership. The deficit for the financial year amounts to &29,474 (2017 - Surplus &5,324). At 31 December 2018 the company had reserves of &147,409 (2017 - &176,883).

#### **Future Development**

The company will continue to undertake its existing activities in future periods and will continue to seek new funding sources that compliment its existing activities.

#### Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The company is mainly dependent on the receipt of grants and also on other income such as rental receipts and course fees.

The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the company are those relating to a local development company largely dependent on the receipt of grants and other income from community based programmes, the impact of government policy on rural development and the general conditions in the Irish economy.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 11 -13. Income for the year ended 31 December 2018 was  $\[ \in \]$  3,695,617 (31 December 2017 -  $\[ \in \]$  3,618,887 and the deficit on ordinary activities before tax was  $\[ \in \]$  29,474 (31 December 2017 - surplus  $\[ \in \]$  5,324). Net assets at the balance sheet date were  $\[ \in \]$  147,409 (2017 -  $\[ \in \]$  176,883). The directors are satisfied with the performance of the company.

The company has been granted charitable status. The income and property of the company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of its main objects as set out in the Memorandum and Articles of Association. No portion of the company's income and property shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise howsoever by way of profit to members of the company.

The company is exempt from Corporation Tax as it is an eligible charity.

#### Directors and Secretary of the Company

The names of the persons who at any time during the financial year were directors of the company are as follows:

Dermot McLaughlin

Patrick Gallen

(Resigned 10 December 2018)

John H McLaughlin

Nicholas Crossan

Albert Doherty

Bernard McGuinness

Thomas Doherty

Rena Donaghey

### Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

#### **Directors and Secretary(continued)**

Patrick McLaughlin (Resigned 10 December 2018) Kevin Lake (Resigned 10 December 2018) Peter Walker (Resigned 10 December 2018)

Daniel McDonald Joan Hamilton Fionan Bradley Helen Nolan Kevin Cooley Aideen Tighe

Raymond Doherty (Resigned 10 December 2018)

Donal Breen (Appointed 10 December 2018)

Michael Turlough Slaney (Appointed 10 December 2018)

Sean McDermott (Appointed 10 December 2018)

Anthony Doogan Director and Company Secretary (Appointed 10 December 2018)

Kevin McKinney (Appointed 1 February 2019)

No director shall be appointed to any office of the company paid by salary or fees, or receive any remuneration or other benefit in money or money's worth from the company.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors retire by rotation and, being eligible, may offer themselves for re-election.

#### **Accounting Records**

The measures taken by the directors to secure compliance with the requirements of Section 281 to 285 of the Companies Act, 2014 with regard to keeping of accounting records, are the implementation of the necessary policies and procedures for recording transactions, the employment of competent accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and the provision of adequate resources to the financial function. The company's accounting records are maintained at Pound Street, Carndonagh and St Mary's Road, Buncrana.

#### Relevant audit information

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved in accordance with section 332 of Companies Act 2014:

- -so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory auditors are unaware, and
- -each director has taken all the steps that we ought to have taken as directors in order to make ourselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory auditors are aware of that information.

#### Auditors

The auditors, McDaid McCullough Moore, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment under Section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

# Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018

continued	
This report was approved and authorised for issue by the Bobelow on its behalf by  Helen Nolan  Director	ard of Directors on 9 September 2019 and was signed  Anthony Doogan  Director

#### **Directors' Responsibilities Statement**

The directors, are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland including the accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by Chartered Accountants Ireland.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', which is issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland ('relevant financial reporting framework'). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, we are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards: and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and director's report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the Republic of Ireland governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

On behalf of the board

Helen Nolan Director Anthony Doogan Director

Date: 9 September 2019

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Inishowen Development Partnership for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in Note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2018 and of its deficit and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISA's (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA) Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISA's (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Jerus M. Suller

Gerard McQuillan
For and on behalf of McDaid McCullough Moore
Chartered Accountants and
Statutory Audit Firm
28/32 Clarendon Street
Derry
BT48 7HD
N. Ireland

9 September 2019

# **Income and Expenditure Account** for the year ended 31 December 2018

		Continuing	g operations
		2018	2017
	Notes	$\epsilon$	€
Income	4	3,695,617	3,618,887
Expenditure	5	(3,722,288)	(3,609,065)
(Deficit)/Surplus on ordinary activities before Depreciation		(26,671)	9,822
Depreciation / Capital Grants		(2,803)	(4,498)
(Deficit)/Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation	6	(29,474)	5,324
Tax on (deficit)/surplus on ordinary activities	8	-	-
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year	15	(29,474)	5,324
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		(29,474)	5,324

The only recognised gains/(losses) for the year is the deficit for the year of €29,474 (2017 - surplus €5,324).

There were no acquisitions and no discontinued operations in the year.

#### Company No. 447893 Balance sheet as at 31 December 2018

		201	18	201	.7
	Notes	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		15,892		10,255
Current assets					
Debtors	10	114,044		121,990	
Cash at bank and in hand	11	344,474		329,318	
		458,518		451,308	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	12	(317,961)		(281,030)	
Net current assets			140,557		170,278
Total assets less current					
liabilities			156,449		180,533
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	13		(9,040)		(3,650)
			-		
Net assets			147,409		176,883
Members Funds					
Revenue Reserves	15		147 400		176 002
KCVChuc Keselves	19		147,409		176,883
<b>Total Members Funds</b>			147,409		176,883

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 9 September

2019 and were signed below on its behalf by

Helen Nolan

Director

Anthony Doogan

Director

9 September 2019

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Revenue Reserves €
Balance as at 1 January 2017	171,559
Surplus for the year	5,324
Total comprehensive income	5,324
Balance as at 31 December 2017	176,883
Deficit for the year	(29,474)
Total comprehensive income	(29,474)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	147,409
•	

# Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 €	2017 €
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		(29,474)	5,324
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation of tangible assets	9	6,174	7,839
Government grant released	14	(3,371)	(3,341)
Accrued expenses/(income)	12	521	(20)
Changes in:			
Trade and Other Debtors	10	7,945	(7,231)
Trade and Other Creditors	12	36,410	34,732
Net cash flow from operating activities		18,205	37,303
Cash Flow from Investing Activities			
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	9	(11,811)	(1,751)
Receipt of Grants	14	8,762	830
Net cash flow from investing activities		(3,049)	(921)
Net Increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	in the year	15,156	36,382
Cash and Cash Equivalents at beginning of financial	year	329,318	292,936
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of financial year		344,474	329,318

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

#### **Compliance with Accounting Standards**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1.1. General Information and basis of preparation

Inishowen Development Partnership is a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital, incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The address of the registered office is given in the company information on page 1 of these financial statements. The nature of the company's operations and principal activities are to promote, support, assist and engage in (a) social development, (b) enterprise development to facilitate rural and urban regeneration or (c) community development, designed to benefit and promote the welfare of local communities or to deal with the causes and consequences of social and economic disadvantage or poverty.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102) and Irish Statute comprising of the Companies Act 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

The Directors have availed of the provisions of Section 291(5) of the Companies Act 2014 to use a format for the financial statements that better describes the activities of a company not trading for a profit. The main change is the replacement of the title 'profit and loss' with the title 'income and expenditure' and consequential changes in descriptions of certain items to be consistent with the descriptions appropriate to the not-for-profit sector.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

The comparative amounts have been regrouped where necessary on the same basis as those of the current year.

#### 1.2. Functional Currency

The financial statements are prepared in Euro which is the functional currency of the company.

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

#### 1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are initially stated at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the final condition for its intended use.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value, of each asset systematically over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

20% Straight Line

Office Equipment

20% Straight Line

Capital Grants

20% Straight Line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### **Impairment**

Impairment reviews are carried out where there are events or changes in circumstances that indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

There is no policy of revaluing fixed assets.

#### 1.4. Income Policy

Income represents various grants, donations and other income receivable during the year.

All income is recognised in the Income and Expenditure Account when the company has entitlement to the funds, any performance conditions attached to the income have been met, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably. Where income is received in advance of providing goods and/or services, it is deferred until the company becomes entitled to that income.

#### 1.5. Employee Benefits

Where employees have rendered service to the company, short-term employee benefits to which the employees are entitled are recognised at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

#### 1.6. Grants

Grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Revenue and Project Grants are credited to income in the same period as the related expenditure is charged.

Capital Grants are credited to revenue by treating the grant as a deferred credit and amortising it to income over the useful life of the related asset.

#### 1.7. Basic financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidences of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### Trade and other debtors/creditors receivable/payable within one year

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlements amount due. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the company has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

 continued

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

#### 2. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors consider the accounting estimates and assumptions below to be its critical accounting estimates and judgments:

#### Useful lives of tangible fixed assets

The annual depreciation on tangible fixed assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reviewed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets.

#### Going Concern

A change in government policy with regards to grant funding provided to the company could have a negative impact on the services the company is able to provide and the ability of the company to continue to operate as a going concern. The directors, having considered the company's financial position and expected future cashflows, conclude that there are no material uncertainties about the company's ability to continue operating for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the going concern basis continues to be adopted in preparing the financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

#### 3. Grants

During the year Inishowen Development Partnership received Grants from the following:-

Agency:

Donegal County Council

**Government Department:** 

Community, Enterprise and Planning

**Grant Programme:** 

Social Inclusion and Community Activation Programme

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€597,172

**Opening Balance** 

€1,621

**Grant Received in 2018:** Grants taken to Income

€597,172 €599,071

Grant to acquire tangible assets

**Closing Balance** 

€0 (€3,520)

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Local and Community Development

Agency:

DSP

**Government Department:** 

Department of Social Protection

**Grant Programme:** 

Job Club

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

Year End 31 December 2018: €120,149

**Opening Balance** 

€16,131

**Grant Received in 2018:** 

Year End 31 December 2018 : €95,550

Balance for Year End 31 December 2017: €16,131

Grant taken to Income

€120,649

**Closing Balance** 

(€25,098)

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Staff Costs, Overheads and Participants Costs

Agency:

**DSP** 

**Government Department:** 

Department of Social Protection

**Grant Programme:** 

Jobs Initiative

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€86,470

**Opening Balance** 

(€4,820)

Grant Received in 2018:

Year End 31 December 2018 : €71,071

Balance for Year End 31 December 2017: €1,287 Advance for Year End 31 December 2019: €14,112

Grant taken to Income

€87,565

Closing Balance

€3,725

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Participants Wages, Staff Payments and Eligible Overheads

#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

**Government Department:** 

**Donegal County Council** 

**Grant Programme:** 

Rural Development Programme 2018

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€222,449

**Opening Balance** 

Grant Received in 2018:

€40,967

Year End 31 December 2018: €222,449

Grant taken to Income

€221.946

Grant to acquire tangible assets

€4,504

**Closing Balance** 

(€44,969)

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Administration Funding and Eligible Project Payments

Agency:

Pobal

**Government Department:** 

Department of Social Protection

**Grant Programme:** 

Rural Social Scheme

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€40,229

**Opening Balance** 

(€1,155)

Grant Received in 2018:

€40,229

Grant taken to Income

€40,207

**Closing Balance** 

€1,177

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Eligible Administration Costs

Agency:

Pobal

**Government Department:** 

Department of Social Protection

**Grant Programme:** 

Rural Social Scheme

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€604,285

**Grant Received in 2018:** 

€604,285

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Wages and Salaries

Agency:

Pobal

**Government Department:** 

Department of Social Protection

**Grant Programme:** 

Tus

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€114,098

**Opening Balance** 

(€21,022)

**Grant Received in 2018:** 

€114,098

Grant taken to Income

€121,053

Grant to acquire tangible assets

€2,131

**Closing Balance** 

€11,936

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Eligible Administration Costs

#### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

Agency:

Pobal

**Government Department:** 

Department of Social Protection

**Grant Programme:** 

Tus

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€1,328,495

**Grant Received in 2018:** 

€1,328,495

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Wages and Salaries

Agency:

Irish Aid: Development Education and Civil Society Section

**Government Department:** 

Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

**Grant Programme:** 

Change Makers - Development, Education, Training & Public

Awareness Project

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€55,000

**Opening Balance** 

(€30,923)

Grant Received in 2017:

€55,000

Grant taken to Income

€45,145

**Closing Balance** 

€40,778

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Eligible Programme Costs

Agency:

DSP

**Government Department:** 

Department of Social Protection

**Grant Programme:** 

CE Childcare

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€332,604 (€12,019)

**Opening Balance Grant Received in 2018:** 

Year End 31 December 2018 : €321,283

Balance for Year End 31 December 2017: €11,321

Grant taken to Income

€331,090

**Closing Balance** 

€13,533

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Eligible Programme Costs

Agency:

Tusla Child & Family Agency

**Government Department:** 

Department of Health & Childcare

**Grant Programme:** 

Family Support Worker

Term of Grant:

12 Months

**Total Grant:** 

€55,466

**Opening Balance** 

(€22,217)

**Grant Received in 2018:** 

€55,466

Grant taken to Income

€49,659

**Closing Balance** 

€28,024

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Eligible Programme Costs

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

Agency: HSE

Government Department: Department of Health & Childcare

Grant Programme: Social Prescribing

 Term of Grant:
 12 Months

 Total Grant:
 €22,132

 Opening Balance
 (€8,264)

Opening Balance(€8,264)Grant Received in 2018:€22,132Grant taken to Income€21,267Closing Balance€9,128

**Grant Restrictions:** Eligible Programme Costs

Agency: Safe Food

**Grant Programme:** Community Food Initiative

 Term of Grant:
 12 Months

 Total Grant:
 €9,100

 Opening Balance
 (€10,691)

 Grant Received in 2018:
 €9,100

Grant Received in 2018: €9,100
Grant taken to Income €16,259
Closing Balance €3,532

**Grant Restrictions:** Eligible Programme Costs

Agency: International Fund for Ireland

Grant Programme: PYPD CHANCE Project

Term of Grant: 18 Months

Total Grant: €99,858
Opening Balance

Grant Received in 2018: €38,391
Grant taken to Income €36,659

Closing Balance €1,731

Grant Restrictions: Eligible Programme Costs

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

Agency:

**ERASMUS Plus Programme** 

Grant Programme:

MEDLit - Media Literacy for Migrant Women

KA2 - Co-operation for Innovation and the Exchange of Good

**Practices** 

KA204 - Strategic Partnerships for adult education

Term of Grant:

3 years

**Total Grant:** 

€34,015

**Opening Balance** 

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**Grant Received in 2018:** 

€15,923 €2,051

Grant taken to Income Closing Balance

€29,795

**Grant Restrictions:** 

Eligible Programme Costs

#### 4. Income

The total income of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in Ireland.

	2018	2017
Grant Income	€	€
FAS/DSP - Job Club	118,801	117,451
FAS/DSP - Job Club Allowance	1,848	3,672
FAS/DSP - Jobs Initiative	87,565	105,111
Donegal County Council - SICAP	599,071	595,186
TUSLA - SICAP - Family Support Worker	51,659	47,861
HSE - SICAP - Social Prescribing	21,956	21,268
Dept Foreign Affairs - Changemakers	45,145	32,295
National Lottery Health Board - SICAP	16,228	1,621
DSP - CE Childcare	331,090	330,466
DCRGA - Rural Social Scheme	40,207	36,169
Donegal County Council - Rural Development Programme	221,946	224,399
Pobal - RSS Wages Funding	604,285	524,819
Complimentary - SICAP	17,588	8,956
RT - HSE	-	6,215
TUS - Dept of Social Welfare	121,053	140,012
TUS - Pobal Wages Funding	1,328,495	1,345,626
International Fund for Ireland - Chance	36,659	
Total Grant Income	3,643,596	3,541,127

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

	2018	2017
Non Grant Income		
Administration	600	12,710
CE Childcare	6,880	-
Job Club	84	-
Jobs Initiative	-	126
Rental	37,316	35,305
Rural Development Programme	42,545	65,014
Rural Social Scheme	1,917	2,493
Social Inclusion and Community Activation Programme	48,340	43,558
Training	10,388	11,294
Total Non Grant Income	148,070	170,500
Less: Internally generated income	(96,049)	(92,740)
Total Income	3,695,617	3,618,887

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

5.	Expenditure	2018 €	2017 €
	Social Inclusion and Community Activation Programme	800,206	750,744
	Rural Development Programme	272,986	277,322
	Complementary Programmes/Activities		
	Administration	9,881	7,529
	CE Childcare	337,969	330,538
	Football 4 Peace	563	30
	Job Club	120,733	125,365
	Jobs Initiative	87,567	105,034
	Rental	40,156	38,534
	Rural Social Scheme	646,408	563,482
	Training	10,387	11,293
	RT - HSE	5,177	6,265
	TUS .	1,449,547	1,485,639
	Football 4 Peace Training	98	30
	Chance	36,659	
		3,818,337	3,701,805
	Less: Internally generated expenditure	(96,049)	(92,740)
	Total Expenditure	3,722,288	3,609,065
6.	Operating (deficit)/surplus	2018 €	2017 €
	Operating (deficit)/surplus is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible assets	6,174	7,839
	Auditors' remuneration	10,000	10,000
	and after graditing	The state of the s	
	and after crediting: Capital grants	3,371	3,341
	Capital grants		J,J+1

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

continued
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#### 7. Staff Costs

#### Number of employees

The average monthly number of persons employed by the company during the financial period was as follows:

2017
14.0
1.0
2.0
1.0
2.0
5.0
4.0
34.0
91.0
21.0
175.0

<sup>\*\*</sup> Inclusive of Complimentary Social Inclusion Programme funding

The number of employees whose total employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) amounted to over €60,000 in the year were as follows:

	2018 Number	2017 Number
€60,000 - €70,000	1	1
€70,001 - €80,000	-	-
€80,001 - €90,000	1	1
€90,001 - €100,000	1	1
Employment costs  The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:		
The appropriate physical edges meaning and an army of the	2018	2017
	€	€
Wages and salaries	3,147,750	3,069,012
Social welfare costs - Employers PRSI	139,657	133,682
	3,287,407	3,202,694

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

#### 7.1. Key Management Remuneration

The Directors of Inishowen Development Partnership are all unpaid volunteers. The key management personnel for Inishowen Development Parnership are the two joint managers.

	2018	2017
·	€	€
Remuneration and other emoluments	183,950	183,784

#### 8. Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities

The company is registered with the Charities Regulator under Charity No. 20067786. The Company, under Revenue charity number CHY17949, is exempt from taxation on Income under Section 207 Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, as it is for charitable purposes.

As at the date of signing the financial statements the company's tax clearance status was up to date and compliant with relevant circulars, including Circular 44/2006 'Tax Clearance Procedures, Grants, Subsidies and Similar Type Payments'.

9. Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment	Total
	€	€	€
Cost			
At 1 January 2018	82,763	165,541	248,304
Additions	-	11,811	11,811
At 31 December 2018	82,763	177,352	260,115
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2018	82,763	155,286	238,049
Charge for the year	_	6,174	6,174
At 31 December 2018	82,763	161,460	244,223
Net book values			
At 31 December 2018		15,892	15,892
At 31 December 2017		10,255	10,255

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

•••••	continued		
10.	Debtors	2018 €	2017 €
	Programme Grants Due Other debtors	92,246 2,074	105,229 774
	Prepayments and Accrued Income	19,724 114,044	15,987 121,990
11.	Cash and Cash Equivalents	2018 €	2017 €
	Cash at bank and in hand	344,474	329,318
12.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018 €	2017 €
	Other creditors Programme Grants Deferred Expenses Accrued	307,917 10,044	271,507 9,523
		317,961	281,030
13.	Creditors: amounts falling due	2018	2017

€

9,040

€

3,650

after more than one year

Capital Grants Deferred (Note 14)

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

..... continued

14.	Capital Grants Deferred	2018 €	2017 €
	At 1 January 2018	3,649	6,161
	Increase in year	8,762	830
		12,411	6,991
	Released in year	(3,371)	(3,341)
	At 31 December 2018	9,040	3,650
	Amounts recognised in creditors:	***************************************	
	Capital Grants deferred due after more than one year	9,040	3,650
	Amounts recognised in Expenditure		
	Grants released in year	3,371	3,341

Grants could be repayable in certain circumstances.

#### 15. Reserves

Revenue Reserves:

Revenue reserves represent cummulative surpluses and deficits net of other adjustments.

	2018	2017
		• • • • € • • • • • •
At 1 January	176,883	171,559
(Deficit) /Surplus for the year	(29,474)	5,324
At 31 December	147,409	176,883

#### 16. Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability exists in respect of grants received which may become repayable to funders should certain conditions under which they were awarded fail to be met.

### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

	for the year ended 31 December 201
continued	

#### 17. Related party transactions

Dermot McLaughlin and Patrick Gallen were both also directors of Explore Inishowen Company Limited by Guarantee, a company incorporated in Ireland. During the Year Ended 31 December 2018 Inishowen Development Partnership provided goods and services to Explore Inishowen Company Limited By Guarantee of €9,591. At 31 December 2018 Explore Inishowen Company Limited By Guarantee owed Inishowen Development Partnership €2,074. This is included in Note 10 Debtors under 'Other Debtors' at 31 December 2018.

#### 18. Controlling interest

As the Company is limited by guarantee the Company's members, collectively, are considered to be the Company's controlling party.

#### 19. Company Limited by Guarantee

The company is one limited by guarantee not having a share capital. The liability of each member, in the event of the company being wound up is  $\{0.01\}$  (one cent).

#### 20. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 9 September 2019.